



Production has been increased

3 times since 1970's



BANGLADESH: TOWARDS RESILIENCE ACHIEVEMENTS 2005-2015

Enabling Legislative Framework



Hyogo Framework for Action adopted Community Risk Assessment guideline adopted

Bangladesh Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan (BCCSAP)

BCCSAP revised

 Standing Orders on Disasters (1997) revised

National Plan for Disaster Management (2010-2015) adopted DRR integrated in 6th Five Year Plan (2011-2015) Disaster Management Act 2012 enacted

Policy Convergence -**Development and DRR**

- At the national level DRR is included as a sub-goal in the Government's "Vision 2021"
- DRR included in the Government's forthcoming Development Plan - 'Seventh Five Year Plan'
- Inclusion in the development planning proforma has ensured the mainstreaming in future development projects.

Technology complimenting local knowledge for effective early

- Flood forecasting extended from 3 to 5 days
- Interactive Voice Response Based early Warning enables 110 million people to access accurate, real time cyclone and flood warnings.

Community risk assessment

- Mainstreamed a grassroots approach to community risk assessment
- Introduced GIS based Multi Hazard Vulnerability and Risk Assessment tool.

Evacuation and Disaster Resilient Habitat

- Cyclone shelter construction and maintenance policy produced in 2011
- 4,000 Cyclone Shelters constructed (target 5.000)
- Significant number of disaster and climate resilient habitats built.

Increased Knowledge and Understanding of Risk

- 18 million children have disaster management lessons since the inclusion of DRR and CCA into the national curriculum.
- Certificate, Diploma, Undergraduate and Graduate courses are now offered
- Disaster Management E-Library established (www.dmic.org.bd/e-library)

People helping people: The Centrality of Voluntarism

- 50,000 cyclone volunteers
- 30,000 urban volunteers to work alongside the Fire Service and to assist in urban search and rescue and fire safety.
- A pilot programme is underway to utilise the ANSAR & Village Defence Force of 6 million men and women to provide local flood warning.

Emerging Hazards

- Seismic risk assessment completed for 9 major
- Developed Geo Dynamic model and active fault mapping and modelling.
- Under-addressed, chronic climate-induced disasters such as saline intrusion, waterlogging and drought require further cross-government and trans-boundary responses which will be reflected in activities over the next ten years.







Comprehensive Disaster Management Programme (CDMP II)











